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4 RICHARD JOHN ADAMS ANDREWS,  
5 Plaintiff,  
6 v.  
7 WARDEN,  
8 Defendant.  
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10 Case No. [23-cv-01445-JST](#)  
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13 **ORDER DENYING REQUESTS TO**  
14 **REOPEN CASE**  
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16 Re: ECF Nos. 11, 12  
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18 On or about March 23, 2023, Petitioner filed this *pro se* petition for a writ of habeas  
19 corpus. ECF No. 1. On March 28, 2023, the Clerk of the Court informed Petitioner that this  
20 action was deficient because Petitioner had not paid the filing fee or filed an application to proceed  
21 *in forma pauperis*, and instructed Petitioner to correct this deficiency by May 5, 2023. ECF No. 4.  
22 The Court provided Petitioner with copies of the Court's *in forma pauperis* application. *Id.* On  
23 May 22, 2023, the Court dismissed this action without prejudice because Petitioner had neither  
24 paid the filing fee nor filed an application to proceed *in forma pauperis*, and entered judgment in  
25 favor of Respondent. ECF Nos. 9, 10. Now pending before the Court are Petitioner's request to  
26 reopen the case. ECF Nos. 11, 12.  
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28 In his motion titled, "Motion to Reopen Action," dated May 29, 2023, Petitioner states that  
he has twice sent the Court a \$5.00 check to pay the filing fee, despite his objection to the filing  
fee requirement, arguing that habeas actions are not civil actions for the purpose of the Prison  
Litigation Reform Act ("PLRA") and that therefore he is not obligated to pay a filing fee. ECF  
No. 11. In his motion titled "Motion to Vacate Order, and Writ of Mandate, and Objection to  
Filing Fee Obligation and Submission of IFP Pleadings; and Motion for Reconsideration in the  
Interest of Justice," Petitioner again states that he has twice attempted to pay the \$5.00 filing fee;

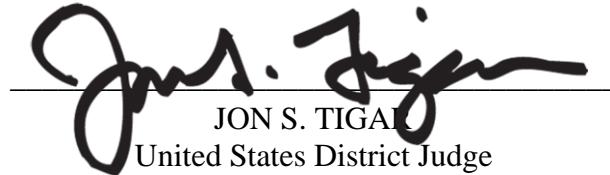
1 and argues that the Court erred in dismissing the action for failure to pay the filing fee or submit  
2 an *in forma pauperis* application because neither is required under federal law; and that he seeks a  
3 writ of mandate compelling this Court to vacate the dismissal and judgment and consider his  
4 habeas petition. ECF No. 12.

5 As an initial matter, although Petitioner is correct that the Prison Litigation Reform Act  
6 (“PLRA”) does not govern habeas petitions, Petitioner is incorrect that federal law does not  
7 require him to pay a filing fee when filing a habeas petition. 28 U.S.C. § 1914 requires the clerk  
8 of each district court to require parties instituting a habeas corpus action to pay a \$5 filing fee, and  
9 allows the district court to require advance payment of fees. 28 U.S.C. § 1914(a), (c). The PLRA  
10 allows plaintiffs proceeding *in forma pauperis* to proceed without prepayment of fees, 28 U.S.C.  
11 § 1915(a), but requires those plaintiffs to ultimately pay the full filing fee, whether paid in advance  
12 or in installments over time, 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b). That 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b) does not apply  
13 merely means that should Petitioner be granted leave to proceed *in forma pauperis*, he need not  
14 pay the \$5 filing fee. The Court has not received any payments from Petitioner, and Petitioner  
15 does not seek to proceed *in forma pauperis*. Accordingly, Petitioner’s requests to reopen this  
16 action are DENIED for failure to pay the filing fee, which is a pre-requisite to commencing an  
17 action in this Court. 28 U.S.C. § 1914. This denial is without prejudice to Petitioner filing a  
18 renewed motion to reopen, accompanied by either the full filing fee or a completed *in forma*  
19 *pauperis* application. The Clerk is directed to send Petitioner a copy of the Court’s *in forma*  
20 *pauperis* application along with this order.

21 This order terminates ECF Nos. 11, 12. This case remains closed.

22 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

23 Dated: March 15, 2024



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JON S. TIGAR  
United States District Judge